TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Roberts & Greene, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Selectmen Town of Madison Madison, New Hampshire 03849

Adverse and Modified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Madison, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities of the Town of Madison, as of December 31, 2023, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on the Major Fund and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Madison as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budget to actual comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Madison and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note I.B.3. to the financial statements, management has not determined its liability or annual cost for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) in governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management recognize OPEB expense for the required contributions and a liability for unpaid required contributions, which would increase the liabilities, decrease net position, and increase expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, any significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United Stated of America require that the pension related information on pages 29-30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Town of Madison has not presented a management's discussion and analysis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have determined that the management's discussion and analysis is necessary to supplement, but is not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Madison's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roberts & Aleine, PLIC

July 22, 2024

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EXHIBIT 1 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,887,901
Investments	48,073
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	508,976
Prepaid items	1,265
Tax deeded property held for resale	43,571
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
Land	2,035,699
Construction in progress	205,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings and building improvements	971,694
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	1,518,683
Infrastructure	2,422,040
Total assets	12,642,902
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts related to pensions	286,052
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	51,969
Accrued payroll and benefits	25,154
Accrued interest payable	11,755
Intergovernmental payable	3,176,609
Noncurrent obligations:	5,2,0,000
Due within one year:	
Capital leases payable	102,211
Accrued landfill postclosure care costs	4,500
Due in more than one year:	.,,555
Capital leases payable	392,475
Compensated absences payable	31,976
Accrued landfill postclosure care costs	40,500
Net pension liability	1,588,206
Total liabilities	5,425,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unearned revenue	192,940
Deferred amounts related to pensions	103,022
Total deferred inflows of resources	295,962
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,658,430
Restricted for:	
Endowments:	
Nonexpendable	33,701
Expendable	4,976
Other purposes	56,547
Unrestricted	453,983
Total net position	\$ 7,207,637

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 2 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Governmental activities:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	es Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
General government	\$ 1,296,964	\$ 800,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (496,525)
Public safety	770,778	10,090	1,273	18,264	(741,151)
Highways and streets	850,437	-	-	102,047	(748,390)
Sanitation	140,040	75,921	-	-	(64,119)
Health	28,774	-	-	-	(28,774)
Welfare	7,190	85	-	-	(7,105)
Culture and recreation	189,173	64,729	-	-	(124,444)
Conservation	9,035	10,217	-	-	1,182
Interest on long-term debt	19,651	-	-	-	(19,651)
Capital outlay	205,805				(205,805)
Total primary government	\$ 3,517,847	\$ 961,481	\$ 1,273	\$ 120,311	(2,434,782)
General revenues:					
Property taxes					2,762,599
Other taxes					88,455
Grants and contribution	ons not restricted to	specific progra	ms		246,759
Miscellaneous					30,372
Total general reven	ues				3,128,185
Change in net pos	ition				693,403
Net position, beginning	ig, as restated, see N	lote III.D.			6,514,234
Net position, ending					\$ 7,207,637

EXHIBIT 3 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

ASSETS	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,993,400	\$ 894,501	\$ 4,887,901
Investments	\$ 5,995,400	3 694,501 48,073	48,073
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	- 508,976	46,073	508,976
Interfund receivable	832	- 5,837	6,669
Prepaid items	1,265	5,657	1,265
Tax deeded property held for resale	43,571	_	43,571
Total assets	\$ 4,548,044	\$ 948,411	\$ 5,496,455
Total assets	7 7,570,077	y 	y 3,430,433
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 51,969	\$ -	\$ 51,969
Accrued salaries and benefits	25,154	-	25,154
Intergovernmental payable	3,176,609	-	3,176,609
Interfund payable	5,710	959	6,669
Total liabilities	3,259,442	959	3,260,401
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred revenue	428,244	_	428,244
	,		,
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	44,836	33,701	78,537
Restricted	· <u>-</u>	61,524	61,524
Committed	43,645	852,227	895,872
Assigned	28,436	-	28,436
Unassigned	743,441	-	743,441
Total fund balances	860,358	947,452	1,807,810
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	\$ 4,548,044	\$ 948,411	\$ 5,496,455

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 1,807,810
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,544,982 (2,391,866)	7,153,116
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position. Receivables Payables	\$ (6,669) 6,669	-
Revenues that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Unavailable tax revenue		235,304
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds. Accrued interest payable		(11,755)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital leases outstanding Compensated absences payable Accrued landfill postclosure care costs Net pension liability	\$ 494,686 31,976 45,000 1,588,206	(2.150.868)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 286,052 (103,022)	(2,159,868) 183,030 \$ 7,207,637

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues: \$ 2,816,370 \$ Taxes \$ 2,816,370 \$ Licenses, permits and fees 684,380 Intergovernmental 368,343 Charges for services 228,645 Miscellaneous 2,873 Total revenues 4,100,611	\$ 5,635 140 - 886 74,929 81,590 10,748 1,798	\$ 2,822,005 684,520 368,343 229,531 77,802 4,182,201 1,275,932 658,412
Licenses, permits and fees 684,380 Intergovernmental 368,343 Charges for services 228,645 Miscellaneous 2,873	140 - 886 74,929 81,590	684,520 368,343 229,531 77,802 4,182,201
Intergovernmental368,343Charges for services228,645Miscellaneous2,873	886 74,929 81,590	368,343 229,531 77,802 4,182,201
Charges for services 228,645 Miscellaneous 2,873	74,929 81,590 10,748	229,531 77,802 4,182,201 1,275,932
Miscellaneous 2,873	74,929 81,590 10,748	77,802 4,182,201 1,275,932
	81,590 10,748	4,182,201
Total revenues 4,100,611	10,748	1,275,932
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government 1,265,184	1,798	658,412
Public safety 656,614		
Highways and streets 1,234,465	-	1,234,465
Sanitation 170,695	-	170,695
Health 20,174	-	20,174
Welfare 15,790	-	15,790
Culture and recreation 185,558	37,390	222,948
Conservation 3,305	5,730	9,035
Debt service 134,926	-	134,926
Capital outlay 381,001	29,804	410,805
Total expenditures 4,067,712	85,470	4,153,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 32,899	(3,880)	29,019
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in 23,110	263,022	286,132
Transfers out (262,974)	(23,158)	(286,132)
Inception of capital lease 205,000	-	205,000
Total other financing sources and uses (34,864)	239,864	205,000
Net change in fund balances (1,965)	235,984	234,019
Fund balances, beginning, as restated, see Note III.D. 862,323	711,468	1,573,791
	\$ 947,452	\$ 1,807,810

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 234,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 855,342 (290,310)	565,032
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated		
on the operating statement.		
Transfers in	\$ (286,132)	
Transfers out	286,132	
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in governmental funds.		-
Change in unavailable tax revenue		29,049
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Inception of capital lease	\$ (205,000)	
Repayment of capital lease principal	121,475	()
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(83,525)
Increase in accrued interest expense	\$ (6,200)	
Decrease in compensated absences payable	4,116	
Decrease in compensated absences payable	4,110	(2,084)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension expense.		() (
Town pension contributions	\$ 174,132	
Cost of benefits earned, net of employee contributions	(223,220)	
		(49,088)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 693,403

EXHIBIT 7 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	Original Budget \$ 2,798,288 524,000 348,818 60,000 41,200	Final Budget \$ 2,798,288 524,000 348,818 60,000 41,200	Actual \$ 2,845,419 684,380 368,343 228,645 2,873	Variance Positive (Negative) \$ 47,131 160,380 19,525 168,645 (38,327)
Total revenues	3,772,306	3,772,306	4,129,660	357,354
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	1,287,983	1,287,983	1,265,184	22,799
Public safety	700,529	700,529	624,680	75,849
Highways and streets	804,797	1,245,797	1,194,446	51,351
Sanitation	149,501	149,501	166,635	(17,134)
Health	21,278	21,278	20,174	1,104
Welfare	16,750	16,750	15,790	960
Culture and recreation	224,040	224,040	195,354	28,686
Conservation	4,400	4,400	3,305	1,095
Debt service:	125 027	125 027	124.026	101
Principal and interest on capital leases Interest on tax anticipation note	135,027 1	135,027 1	134,926	101
Capital outlay	208,000	208,000	176,001	31,999
Total expenditures	3,552,306	3,993,306	3,796,495	196,811
Total experiultures	3,332,300	3,333,300	3,790,493	190,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	220,000	(221,000)	333,165	554,165
Other financing uses:				
Transfers in	10,000	10,000	23,110	13,110
Transfers out	(262,974)	(262,974)	(262,974)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(252,974)	(252,974)	(239,864)	13,110
	4 (22.22.1)	.		4
Net change in fund balance	\$ (32,974)	\$ (473,974)	93,301	\$ 567,275
Increase in nonspendable fund balance			(1,277)	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning			886,721	
Unassigned fund balance, ending			\$ 978,745	

EXHIBIT 8 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2023

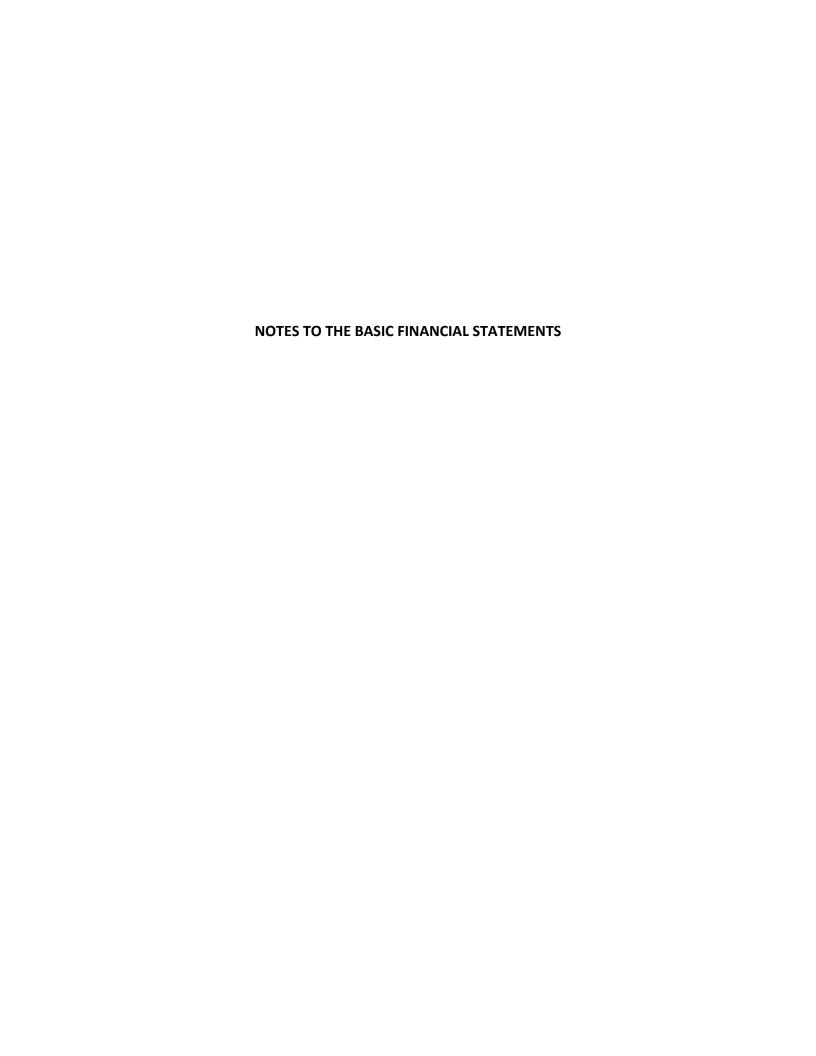
	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,545	\$ 823,773
Liabilities		
Net position:		
Held in trust for specific purposes	11,545	-
Held for school and village districts	-	823,773
Total net position	\$ 11,545	\$ 823,773

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial
Additions:		
New funds	\$ -	\$ 163,850
Investment earnings:		
Interest	339	23,273
Total additions	339	187,123
Deductions: Payments to Village District		97,781
Change in net position	339	89,342
Net position, beginning	11,206	734,431
Net position, ending	\$ 11,545	\$ 823,773



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

I.A. Introduction

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the Town of Madison (the Town) are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of the notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the Town's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023.

I.B. Financial Reporting Entity – Basis of Presentation

I.B.1. Entity Defined

The Town of Madison is a municipal corporation governed by a board of selectmen consisting of three members elected by the voters. These financial statements present the financial position and activity of the primary government. Component units are organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the stated criteria, the Town's financial statements do not include any component units.

I.B.2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. Individual funds are not displayed.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges for the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions, which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which finance the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and revenue from other sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The major individual, governmental fund is reported in separate columns with composite columns for the nonmajor funds.

I.B.3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Town are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, with the exception that the liability and expenses for postemployment benefits other than pensions have not been calculated or reported in the governmental activities.

The governmental activities statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Fiduciary fund financial statements also report using this same basis of accounting, although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied, while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. However, property taxes are not deferred on the budgetary basis, or when reporting to the State of New Hampshire in accordance with directions of the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, intergovernmental amounts and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Restricted assets and liabilities payable from restricted assets current in nature are reported with current assets and current liabilities in the financial statements.

I.B.4. Fund Types and Major Funds

Governmental Funds

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – Reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

The Town also reports nine nonmajor governmental funds.

Fiduciary Funds

The Town reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds – Account for financial resources of the Town used only for the benefit of other entities or individuals.

Custodial Funds – Account for amounts held by the Town for the benefit of other governments. These assets are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town's custodial funds are used to account for the various capital reserve accounts held by the trustees of trust funds on behalf of the local school and village districts.

I.C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Equity

I.C.1. Cash and Investments

The laws of the State of New Hampshire require that the Town's treasurer have custody of all monies belonging to the Town, other than those held by the trustees of trust funds and library trustees, and pay out the same only upon orders of the Board of Selectmen. The treasurer shall deposit all monies in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to N.H. RSA 383:22 or in solvent banks in the state. Funds may be deposited in banks outside the state if such banks pledge or deliver to a third-party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations, or obligations of the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. New Hampshire law authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States government; the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22; savings bank deposits; prime bankers' acceptances; or certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the state treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or monies for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the Town. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

I.C.2. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Generally, the Town's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and reported in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are stated at acquisition value on the date donated. The Town normally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$10,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follow:

	Years
Buildings and building improvements	20-75
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	6-30
Infrastructure	25-75

I.C.3. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. The balance of long-term debt is not reported in the governmental funds. Included in long-term liabilities are capital leases; compensated absences representing amounts for vacation time that have been earned by employees and are carried over to be used in the future; an accrual for landfill postclosure care costs expected to be incurred in the future; and the net pension liability.

I.C.4. Equity

The government-wide statement of net position reports net position in the following components:

- Net investment in capital assets, which is computed as the total capital assets less accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.
- Restricted for endowments, which represents the principal and income balances of permanent funds that are required to be invested, with the income to be used for cemetery care and other town purposes.

- Restricted for other purposes, which represents the library fund whose use is restricted by State law.
- Unrestricted, which consists of the remaining balance of net position.

The governmental fund financial statements report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable, which represents the balance of tax deeded property and prepaid expenditures in the General Fund; and the principal portion of the Permanent Fund.
- Restricted, which represents the expendable income in the Permanent Fund; and the Library Fund, whose use is limited by law.
- Committed, which consists of the balances for which the intended use has been established by Town Meeting vote, or by the Board of Selectman, and would require an equally formal action to remove those commitments. Committed balances represent continuing appropriations, the Special Revenue Funds, and expendable trust funds which report as a Capital Projects Fund.
- Assigned, which consists of appropriations encumbered by the Board of Selectmen for future obligations.
- Unassigned, which represents the remaining fund balance of the General Fund.

I.C.5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts reported in the financial statements and notes. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

II.A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund. Unless encumbered, all appropriations lapse at year-end. The Town is allowed to use beginning fund balance to balance the budget. In 2023, none of the General Fund unassigned fund balance from 2022 was so used, while \$32,974 was appropriated from fund balance. During 2023, the Town obtained permission from the NH Department of Revenue Administration to expend an additional \$441,000 from unassigned fund balance for emergency storm repairs.

Encumbrance accounting is employed by the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because they will be added to the appropriations voted in the subsequent year.

Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by functions as follow: general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health, welfare, culture and recreation, conservation, debt service and capital outlay. Management can transfer appropriations among budget line items as necessary, but the total expenditures cannot legally exceed the total appropriations unless permission is received from the Commissioner of Revenue Administration.

II.B. Reconciliation of General Fund Budgetary Basis to GAAP

Revenues and other financing sources: Per Exhibit 7 (budgetary basis)	\$ 4,152,770
	\$ 4,132,770
Adjustments:	
Basis difference:	
Capital lease inception	205,000
Tax revenue deferred in the prior year	206,255
Tax revenue deferred in the current year	(235,304)
Per Exhibit 5 (GAAP basis)	\$ 4,328,721
Expenditures and other financing uses:	
Per Exhibit 7 (budgetary basis)	\$ 4,059,469
Adjustments:	
Basis difference:	
Encumbrances, beginning	138,298
Encumbrances, ending	(72,081)
Capital lease inception	205,000
Per Exhibit 5 (GAAP basis)	\$ 4,330,686
,	
Unassigned fund balance:	
Per Exhibit 7 (budgetary basis)	\$ 978,745
Adjustment:	
Basis difference:	
Deferred tax revenue, GAAP basis	(235,304)
Per Exhibit 3 (GAAP basis)	\$ 743,441
I CI EXIIIDIL 3 (OMAF DASIS)	7 /43,441

III. Detailed Notes on Funds and Government-Wide Statements

III.A. Assets

III.A.1. Investments

As of December 31, 2023, the Town had \$48,073 invested in mutual funds which are in the Library Fund, a nonmajor fund. In fair value measurement, these investments are categorized as Level 1, which refers to investments traded in an active market. The level relates to valuation only and does not necessarily indicate a measure of risk.

III.A.2. Receivables, Uncollectible Accounts and Deferred Revenue

Property Taxes Receivable and Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied and collected by the Town on a semi-annual basis. Tax bills are due on or around July 1 and December 1, with interest of 8% per annum on all taxes not received by the due date. The first billing is an estimate only based on half of the previous year's billing. The final billing is levied based on an inventory taken in April of each year (the tax year runs from April 1 to March 31), and is assessed after the tax rate has been calculated and set by the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration. A lien is executed on any unpaid property taxes in the following year and this lien takes priority over any others. Interest of 14% per annum is charged upon redemption of liened taxes. Properties not redeemed within two years of the date of the tax lien are deeded to the Town. During the current year, the tax collector executed a lien for uncollected 2022 property taxes on April 3.

The property taxes levied and collected by the Town include amounts for the State of New Hampshire, the Madison School District, Carroll County, and the Village District of Eidelweiss. The Town is responsible for the collection of all these taxes. During the annual tax rate setting process, the Town sets an amount for potential abatements and tax deeding, known as overlay. Overlay is raised through taxation and is reported as a reduction in tax revenue.

The net assessed valuation as of April 1, 2023, upon which the 2023 property tax levy was based was:

For the New Hampshire education tax
For all other taxes

\$ 595,143,879 \$ 605,501,579

The tax rates and amounts assessed for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follow:

	Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation	
Municipal portion	\$4.72	\$ 2,857,197
School portion:		
State of New Hampshire	\$1.93	1,147,853
Local	\$8.96	5,427,723
County portion	\$1.37	828,653
Precinct portion:		
Village District of Eidelweiss	\$5.86	791,531
Total property taxes assessed		\$ 11,052,957

The following details the taxes receivable at year-end:

Property:	
Levy of 2023	\$ 458,126
Unredeemed (under tax lien):	
Levy of 2022	45,778
Levy of 2021	19,821
Land use change	9,800
Timber	451
Less: allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes	(25,000)
Net taxes receivable	\$ 508,976

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue of \$428,244 at December 31, 2023 consists of \$235,304 of taxes that were not collected within sixty days of year-end; \$21,378 of prepaid taxes to be applied to the next year's levy; \$42,005 of unspent American Rescue Plan Act funds; \$79,059 of unexpended state highway aid; and \$50,498 of unexpended state bridge aid. In the Governmental Activities, the prepaid taxes, ARPA funds, and state aid are reported as unearned revenue.

III.A.3. Capital Assets

Changes in Capital Assets

The following provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Balance,			Balance,
Governmental activities:	beginning	Additions	Deletions	ending
At cost:				
Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,035,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,035,699
Construction in progress		205,000	<u> </u>	205,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,035,699	205,000	<u>-</u>	2,240,699
Being depreciated:	·			
Buildings and building improvements	1,474,855	14,961	-	1,489,816
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	2,736,778	105,604	(52,693)	2,789,689
Infrastructure	2,495,001	529,777	<u> </u>	3,024,778
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,706,634	650,342	(52,693)	7,304,283
Total all capital assets	8,742,333	855,342	(52,693)	9,544,982
Less accumulated depreciation:	·			
Buildings and building improvements	(492,483)	(25,639)	-	(518,122)
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	(1,162,438)	(161,261)	52,693	(1,271,006)
Infrastructure	(499,328)	(103,410)	<u> </u>	(602,738)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,154,249)	(290,310)	52,693	(2,391,866)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	4,552,385	360,032		4,912,417
Net book value, all capital assets	\$ 6,588,084	\$ 565,032	\$ -	\$ 7,153,116

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

General government	\$ 17,182
Public safety	50,352
Highways and streets	206,253
Sanitation	13,295
Culture and recreation	 3,228
Total depreciation expense	\$ 290,310

III.A.4. Restricted Net Position

The government-wide statement of net position includes restricted net position of \$38,677 for public trust funds reported as restricted for perpetual care and \$56,547 for other purposes.

III.B. Liabilities

III.B.1. Intergovernmental Payables

The amount due to other governments at December 31, 2023 consists of the balance of the 2023 - 2024 district assessment due to the Madison School District in the amount of \$3,175,576; and fees due to the State of New Hampshire in the amount of \$1,033.

III.B.2. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities currently outstanding are as follow:

					Outstanding	
	Original	Issue	Maturity	Interest	at	Current
	Amount	Date	Date	Rate %	12/31/2023	Portion
Capital leases payable:						
Fire truck chasis	\$129,000	2021	2027	2.92	\$ 74,698	\$ 17,875
Highway truck	\$121,000	2021	2027	2.99	70,522	16,859
Police Silverado	\$41,696	2021	2025	3.05	21,612	10,643
Loader	\$131,500	2021	2027	2.99	90,785	21,703
Chevy truck	\$53,370	2022	2026	4.99	32,069	10,174
Dump truck	\$205,000	2023	2030	5.29	205,000	24,957
					494,686	102,211
Compensated absences payable:						
Accrued vacation leave					31,976	-
Accrued landfill postclosure care costs					45,000	4,500
Net pension liability					1,588,206	-
					\$ 2,159,868	\$ 106,711

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

			A	ccrued		
Capital	Con	npensated	I	andfill	Net	
Leases	Α	bsences	Po	stclosure	Pension	
Payable	F	ayable	Ca	re Costs	Liability	Total
\$ 411,161	\$	36,092	\$	45,000	\$ 1,772,141	\$ 2,264,394
205,000		-		-	-	205,000
(121,475)		(4,116)		-	(183,935)	(309,526)
\$ 494,686	\$	31,976	\$	45,000	\$ 1,588,206	\$ 2,159,868
	Leases Payable \$ 411,161 205,000 (121,475)	Leases A Payable F \$ 411,161 \$ 205,000 (121,475)	Leases Absences Payable Payable \$ 411,161 \$ 36,092 205,000 - (121,475) (4,116)	Capital Compensated L Leases Absences Por Payable Payable Ca \$ 411,161 \$ 36,092 \$ 205,000 - (4,116)	Leases Absences Postclosure Payable Payable Care Costs \$ 411,161 \$ 36,092 \$ 45,000 205,000 - - (121,475) (4,116) -	Capital Leases Compensated Absences Landfill Postclosure Net Pension Payable Payable Care Costs Liability \$ 411,161 \$ 36,092 \$ 45,000 \$ 1,772,141 205,000 - - - (121,475) (4,116) - (183,935)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity as of year-end for the capital leases are as follow:

Year Ending						
December 31,	F	Principal	1	nterest	_	Total
2024	\$	102,211	\$	20,109		\$ 122,320
2025		106,040		16,282		122,322
2026		98,719		12,298		111,017
2027		90,747		8,500		99,247
2028		30,672		5,130		35,802
2029-2030		66,297		5,305	_	71,602
Totals	\$	494,686	\$	67,624		\$ 562,310

Accrued Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Town continue to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site. The estimated total cost of postclosure care is \$45,000. The actual cost may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws or regulations. The Town plans to pay for postclosure care costs by annual appropriation.

III.C. Balances and Transfers Within the Reporting Entity

III.C.1. Receivables and Payables

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as "interfund receivables/payables" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for goods and services, subsidy commitments outstanding at year-end, or other miscellaneous amounts. Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is also reported as "interfund receivables/payables."

The following reports receivables and payables within the reporting entity at year-end:

Payable Fund	Amount
Nonmajor	\$ 832
General	5,710
Nonmajor	127
	\$ 6,669
	Nonmajor General

The amount due to the General Fund represents reimbursements of expenditures. The amount due to the Nonmajor Funds from the General Fund represents land use change taxes due to the Conservation Commission, and the amount due to the Nonmajor Funds from other Nonmajor Funds represents investment earnings due from the Permanent Fund to the Library Fund.

III.C.2. Transfers – Payments Within the Reporting Entity

Transfers within the reporting entity were substantially for the purposes of distributing taxes to the fund for which the appropriation was made, adding to or withdrawing from capital reserve funds, and distributing trust income to the applicable funds. The government-wide statement of activities eliminates transfers reported within the governmental activities columns.

The following reports transfers within the reporting entity:

		Transfers In:					
	General	General Nonmajor					
	Fund	Fund Funds					
Transfers out:							
General fund	\$ -	\$ 262,974	\$ 262,974				
Nonmajor funds	23,110_	48	23,158				
	\$ 23,110	\$ 263,022	\$ 286,132				

The transfers from the General Fund represent appropriations and a payment of land use change tax assessed in a prior year. The amount transferred from the Nonmajor Funds to the General Fund represents a voted transfer and the amount received from a closed bank account in the Recreation Fund. The amount transferred between Nonmajor Funds represents interest earned in the Permanent Fund transferred to the Library Fund.

III.D. Restatement of Beginning Equity

The equity balances at January 1, 2023 were restated as follow:

	Govermental	General	
	Activities	Fund	
To correct balance of liabilities	\$ 3,218	\$ 3,218	
Net position/fund balance, as previously reported	6,511,016	859,105	
Net position/fund balance, as restated	\$ 6,514,234	\$ 862,323	

III.E. Components of Fund Balance

The following reports components of fund balance, as described in Note I.C.4.:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	
Nonspendable:			
Endowments	\$ -	\$ 33,701	
Prepaid items	1,265	-	
Tax deeded property	43,571		
Total nonspendable	44,836	33,701	
Restricted:			
General government	-	3,090	
Welfare	-	1,887	
Culture and recreation	-	56,547	
Total restricted		61,524	
Committed:			
General government	-	3,890	
Public safety	-	753	
Culture and recreation	-	46,218	
Conservation	-	294,542	
Capital outlay	43,645	506,824	
Total committed	43,645	852,227	
Assigned:			
Sanitation	18,640	-	
Culture and recreation	9,796	-	
Total assigned	28,436	-	
Unassigned	743,441		
Total fund balance	\$ 860,358	\$ 947,452	

IV. Other Information

IV.A. Risk Management

The Town's risk management activities are reported with governmental activities and recorded in the General Fund. During the year, the Town was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex) Property/Liability and Workers' Compensation programs. These programs are considered public entity risk pools, currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member governmental entities.

The Primex's Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs are pooled risk management programs under RSA 5-B and RSA 281-A. Primex provided statutory workers' compensation coverage, \$2,000,000 of coverage for each liability loss, and various amounts of coverage for property losses, as

well as statutory coverage for unemployment compensation. Contributions paid for 2023 being recorded as an insurance expenditure/expense totaled \$82,096 for property/liability, and \$39,255 for workers' compensation. The member agreement permits Primex to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in assets to meet its liabilities. At this time, Primex foresees no likelihood of any additional assessments for past years.

IV.B. Retirement Pensions

The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, contributory public employee defined benefit plan qualified under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and funded through a trust which is exempt from tax under Internal Revenue Code section 501(a). The Town's police officers and other employees are members of the NHRS. The NHRS provides service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits for the members and their beneficiaries. The New Hampshire Legislature establishes the provisions for benefits and contributions. The NHRS issues a separate financial report that is available at www.nhrs.org or by contacting the NHRS at 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Both the members and the Town make contributions to the NHRS. Member rates of contribution are set by the Legislature. Employer rates are determined by the NHRS trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The rates of contribution for police officers and other employees were 11.55% and 7.0% of gross earnings, respectively. The rates of contribution from the Town for the period January 1 to June 30, 2023 were 33.88% for police and 14.06% for other employees; decreasing on July 1 to 31.28% for police, and 13.53% for other employees. The rates are actuarially determined to generate an amount, that when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions from the Town during the years 2021, 2022, and 2023 were \$156,470, \$174,345, and \$175,409 respectively. The amounts were paid on a monthly basis, as due.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$1,588,206 in governmental activities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities and school districts, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's proportion was 0.0284%, which is a decrease of 0.0025% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$223,220. At year-end, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	98,194	\$ 102,384
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		22,968	-
Changes in assumptions		41,801	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		40,582	638
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	82,507 286,052	\$ 103,022

The Town reported \$82,507 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

Year	
Ending	
December 31,	
2024	\$ 67,956
2025	(18,658)
2026	74,028
2027	 (22,803)
	\$ 100,523

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	Multiple periods of 17-20 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market for funding purposes; 20% corridor

Price Inflation 2.0% per year

Wage Inflation 2.75% per year in the 2019 valuation Salary Increases 5.4% average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.86% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Based on the 2015-2019 experience study.

Mortality Rates Based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables with

credibility adjustments for each member classification (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality

improvements using Scale MP-2019.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Town's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$2,155,003	\$1,588,206	\$1,103,912

Other actuarial assumptions, as well as detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, is available in the separately issued NHRS report.

IV.C. Contingent Liabilities

Retirement Age

The Town has a few claims pending against it which arose in the normal course of affairs. At this time, management has no indication that any of these will result in any significant financial liability.

Because the Town has received grants from the State and Federal governments, there is always a chance that these entities will audit grant expenditures/expenses and determine that some are not allowable. Based on past experience, the Town does not believe that this will occur, and that if it does, it is not believed that the amounts involved would be material.



EXHIBIT 10

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

New Hampshire Retirement System

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of net pension liability	0.0284%	0.0309%	0.0289%	0.0270%	0.0270%	0.0273%	0.0268%	0.0299%	0.0278%	0.0259%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,588,206	\$1,772,141	\$1,282,453	\$1,726,553	\$1,300,341	\$1,313,188	\$1,315,673	\$1,588,273	\$1,100,351	\$970,409
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$835,998	\$900,609	\$886,497	\$801,697	\$783,462	\$738,215	\$695,679	\$695,737	\$680,864	\$646,599
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	189.98%	196.77%	144.67%	215.36%	165.97%	177.89%	189.12%	228.29%	161.61%	150.08%
Plan fiduciary position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.18%	65.12%	72.22%	58.72%	65.59%	64.73%	62.66%	58.30%	65.47%	66.32%

EXHIBIT 11

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the Town's Pension Contributions

New Hampshire Retirement System

Contractually required contribution	2023 \$ 163,566	2022 \$ 174,345	2021 \$ 156,470	2020 \$ 133,175	2019 \$ 134,327	2018 \$ 127,195	2017 \$ 115,741	2016 \$ 113,274	2015 \$ 109,126	2014 \$ 102,923
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(163,566)	(174,345)	(156,470)	(133,175)	(134,327)	(127,195)	(115,741)	(113,274)	(109,126)	(102,923)
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$835,998	\$900,609	\$886,497	\$801,697	\$783,462	\$738,215	\$695,679	\$695,737	\$680,864	\$646,599
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.57%	19.36%	17.65%	16.61%	17.15%	17.23%	16.64%	16.28%	16.03%	15.92%



EXHIBIT 12 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

				Specia	al Revenue	Fund	S			Capital Projects		
	Madison Library	Old Home Week	Madison PEG TV		orest ntenance		nservation	olice pment	Recreation	Fund Expendable Trust	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Interfund receivable Total assets	\$ 8,347 48,073 127 \$ 56,547	\$ 28,260	\$ 3,890 - - - \$ 3,890	\$	69,916 - - - 69,916	\$	218,916 - 5,710 224,626	\$ 753 - - 753	\$ 17,958 - - \$ 17,958	\$ 507,656 - - - \$ 507,656	\$ 38,805	\$ 894,501 48,073 5,837 948,411
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Interfund payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 832	\$ 127	\$ 959
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed	- 56,547 -	- - 28,260	- - 3,890		- - 69,916		- - 224,626	- - 753	- - 17,958	- - 506,824	33,701 4,977 -	33,701 61,524 852,227
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	56,547 \$ 56,547	28,260 \$ 28,260	3,890 \$ 3,890	\$	69,916 69,916	\$	224,626 224,626	\$ 753 753	17,958 \$ 17,958	506,824 \$ 507,656	38,678 \$ 38,805	\$ 947,452 948,411

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Special Revenue	Funds			Capital Projects		
	Madison Library	Old Home Week	Madison PEG TV	Forest Maintenance	Conservation Commission	Police Equipment	Recreation	Fund Expendable Trust	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,635
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-	140	-	-	-	140
Charges for services	471	-	-	-	-	415	-	-	-	886
Miscellaneous	19,538	26,831	100	10,224	22	499	4,160	12,412	1,143	74,929
Total revenues	20,009	26,831	100	10,224	5,657	1,054	4,160	12,412	1,143	81,590
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,748	-	10,748
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	1,798	-	-	-	1,798
Culture and recreation	5,750	26,955	-	-	-	-	4,685	-	-	37,390
Conservation	-	-	-	3,730	2,000	-	-	-	-	5,730
Capital outlay	1,727	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,077	-	29,804
Total expenditures	7,477	26,955	-	3,730	2,000	1,798	4,685	38,825	-	85,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	12,532	(124)	100	6,494	3,657	(744)	(525)	(26,413)	1,143	(3,880)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	48	-	-	10,000	-	-	4,581	248,393	-	263,022
Transfers out	-	-	-	(10,000)	(1,197)	-	(11,913)	-	(48)	(23,158)
Total other financing sources and uses	48	_	_	-	(1,197)		(7,332)	248,393	(48)	239,864
Net change in fund balances	12,580	(124)	100	6,494	2,460	(744)	(7,857)	221,980	1,095	235,984
Fund balances, beginning	43,967	28,384	3,790	63,422	222,166	1,497	25,815	284,844	37,583	711,468
Fund balances, ending	\$ 56,547	\$ 28,260	\$ 3,890	\$ 69,916	\$ 224,626	\$ 753	\$ 17,958	\$ 506,824	\$ 38,678	\$ 947,452

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

General Fund

Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Estimated	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 2,716,679	\$ 2,762,599	\$ 45,920
Land use change	12,950	15,434	2,484
Timber	11,000	11,944	944
Excavation	3,450	2,969	(481)
Payments in lieu of taxes	16,209	16,209	-
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes	38,000	36,264	(1,736)
Total taxes	2,798,288	2,845,419	47,131
Licenses, permits and fees:			
Motor vehicle permits	479,000	631,256	152,256
Building permits	41,000	47,887	6,887
Other	4,000	5,237	1,237
Total licenses, permits and fees	524,000	684,380	160,380
Intergovernmental:			
State sources:			
Meals and rooms distributions	246,759	246,759	-
Highway block grant	102,059	102,047	(12)
Federal sources:			
Public safety grants	-	1,273	1,273
ARPA local fiscal recovery funds		18,264	18,264
Total intergovernmental	348,818	368,343	19,525
Charges for services:			
Income from departments	60,000	228,645	168,645
Miscellaneous:			
Interest on investments	1,200	1,577	377
Contributions and donations	-	129	129
Other	40,000	1,167	(38,833)
Total miscellaneous	41,200	2,873	(38,327)
Other financing sources: Transfers in:			
Nonmajor funds	10,000	23,110	13,110
Total revenues and other financing sources	3,782,306	\$ 4,152,770	\$ 370,464
Use of fund balance	473,974		
Total revenues, other financing sources, and use of fund balance	\$ 4,256,280		

EXHIBIT 15 TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Current:					
General government:					
Executive	\$ -	\$ 155,610	\$ 164,067	\$ -	\$ (8,457
Election and registration	-	8,750	5,556	-	3,194
Financial administration	-	167,024	166,154	-	870
Revaluation of property	-	33,345	32,068	-	1,277
Legal	-	17,300	28,129	-	(10,829
Personnel administration	-	590,195	551,199	-	38,996
Planning and zoning	-	18,940	12,736	-	6,204
General government buildings	-	170,200	171,280	-	(1,080
Insurance, not otherwise allocated	-	114,219	121,351	-	(7,132
Other		12,400	12,644		(244
Total general government		1,287,983	1,265,184		22,799
Public safety:					
Police	749	367,502	372,291	-	(4,040
Ambulance	-	107,366	107,357	-	9
Fire	12,921	166,900	116,462	-	63,359
Building inspection	-	51,250	49,648	-	1,602
Emergency management	18,264	7,511	10,856		14,919
Total public safety	31,934	700,529	656,614		75,849
Highways and streets:					
Administration	83,664	535,600	435,027	-	184,237
Highways and streets	-	706,297	795,316	43,645	(132,664
Street lighting		3,900	4,122		(222
Total highways and streets	83,664	1,245,797	1,234,465	43,645	51,351
Sanitation:					
Solid waste disposal	22,700	149,501	170,695	18,640	(17,134
Health:					
Animal control	-	2,300	1,196	-	1,104
Health agencies	-	18,978	18,978	-	
Total health	-	21,278	20,174	-	1,104
Welfare:					
Administration	-	2,650	3,110	-	(460
Direct assistance	-	5,500	4,080	-	1,420
Vendor payments	-	8,600	8,600	-	-
Total welfare	-	16,750	15,790		960
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and recreation	-	47,351	34,397	-	12,954
Public library	-	102,092	95,252	-	6,840
Patriotic purposes	-	5,525	5,201	9,796	(9,472
Other	-	69,072	50,708	-	18,364
Total culture and recreation	-	224,040	185,558	9,796	28,686
Conservation:					
Conservation	-	4,400	3,305	-	1,095
					(continued)

EXHIBIT 15 (continued) TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Appropriations	Expenditures	Encumbered to Subsequent Year	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:					
Principal and interest on capital leases	-	135,027	134,926	-	101
Interest on tax anticipation note		1		<u> </u>	1
Total debt service		135,028	134,926	-	102
Capital outlay:					
Improvements other than buildings		208,000	176,001		31,999
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out:					
Nonmajor funds		262,974	262,974		
Total encumbrances, appropriations, expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 138,298	\$ 4,256,280	\$ 4,125,686	\$ 72,081	\$ 196,811

TOWN OF MADISON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Unassigned fund balance, beginning	\$	886,721
Changes: Unassigned fund balance appropriated Emergency expenditure from fund balance	((32,974) 441,000)
	370,464 196,811	567,275
Increase in nonspendable fund balance		(1,277)
Unassigned fund balance, ending	\$	978,745

R&G

Roberts & Greene, PLLC

To the Members of the Board of Selectmen Town of Madison Madison, New Hampshire 03489

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Madison as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Selectmen and others within the Town, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

July 22, 2024

Roberts & Arene, PLIC